Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act Submissions received

Submission No.	Name	Organisation
79	Alex Mason	
80	Louisa d'Arville	
81	Krista Rosewarne	
82	Faye Poke	
83	Anne Layton-Bennett & John Donnachy	
84	Maria Mahoney	
85	David Halse Rogers	
86	Annette Reynolds	
87	Mrs. E.B. Green	
88	Alex Halse Rogers	
89	Louise Payne	
90	Cheryl M Salter	
91	Michelle Pegler	
92	Catharine Errey	
93	Alan Carter	
94	George Gowan	
95		
96	David Miller	
97	Emily Devine	
98	George Gowan	
99	Mike Willson	
100	Toni Sterai	
101	Anastasia Konstantinidis	
102	Des Vernon	
103	Anita Speed	
104	Alison Phillips	
105	Alice Carson	
106	Ian Johnston	
107	Glen Hosemans	
108	Tom Davidson	
109	Anne Lucadou-Wells	
110	Stephanie Morgan	
111	Louise Costanzo	
112	Carlos Whiley	
113	Sandra Downing	
114	Craig Smith	
115	Bronwyn Stubbs	
116	Anne Lockett	

From: Alex Mason

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 1:11 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.	
Yours sincerely, Alex Mason	

From: Louisa d'Arville

To: Cc:

Subject: Date: Save our Coasts - Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

Thursday, 25 July 2024 1:12:43 PM

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.**
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to release the legal reasons (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for

this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.

- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy* to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill</u> 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The

Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.

9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

Yours sincerely, Louisa d'Arville From: Krista Rosewarne

To: Cc:

Subject: Date: Save our Coasts - Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

Thursday, 25 July 2024 1:15:32 PM

To whom it may concern,

I feel passionately that our current State Coastal Policy continues to provide all that we require and is robust in its mission. We have that policy to thank for our present state of coastline, which is now globally significant and recognized, supporting our wildlife, lifestyle and heritage. Unfortunately, the policy still does not provide cover for the indigenous heritage of our coast, but I'm hopeful this is in process of being established.

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.**
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.

- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected

to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.

- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy* to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on

the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

Yours sincerely,

Krista Rosewarne

From: Faye Poke

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 1:31 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.		
Yours sincerely, Faye Poke		

From: To: Cc:

Subject: Our coasts are precious - so please say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy - re-

send

Date: Thursday, 25 July 2024 1:36:41 PM

To whom it may concern

Thank you for the opportunity to make this submission.

Tasmania's coastal regions are precious, unique and valued by
Tasmanians for various personal and recreational reasons. They
are home to countless species of birds and wildlife, as well as coastal
plants, and marine animals some species of which are vulnerable,
threatened or endangered. For these reasons I oppose the proposed
changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and
concerns as set out and expressed so succinctly by community
advocate Planning Matters Tasmania.

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.**
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed

- changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes

to the State Coastal Policy – both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.

- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the Validation (State Coastal Policy)
 Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective,
 blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide
 since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines
 previous assessments and permits issued, potentially
 leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill
 provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in
 the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal
 Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that
 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February
 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that
 anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is
 suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide

and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

Regards

Anne Layton-Bennett & John Donnachy

From: Maria Mahoney

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 2:03 PM

To: Cc:

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours s	sincerely.	
Yours s Maria	sincerely, Mahoney	

From: David Halse Rogers.

To: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill Subject: 2024 Thursday, 25 July 2024 2:07:09

Date: PM

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:-

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. Note the *Robbins Island* wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Commonwealth Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence **must be provided** by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy*. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment, Nick Duigan, was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and, thus, we remain sceptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the *State Coastal Policy* as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes

to the State Coastal Policy – both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.

- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy* to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an openended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments state-wide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25th February, 2009, and, expiring on the commencement of this Act', means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped state-wide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. [See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.]

This form of legislation is repugnant and contrary to all democratic processes.

Yours faithfully, David Halse Rogers. From: Annette Reynolds

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 2:26 PM

To:

Cc:

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life

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In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, Annette Reynolds Mrs. E.B. Green

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 2:35 PM

To:

From:

Subject: Validation Coastal Policy Bill 2024

I strongly oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to release the legal reasons (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously

approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.

- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an openended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

Yours faithfully, Mrs. E.B. Green **From:** Halse Rogers

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 2:39 PM

To:

Subject: Save our Coasts - Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:-

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. Note the *Robbins Island* wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Commonwealth Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence **must be provided** by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy*. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment, Nick Duigan, was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and, thus, we remain sceptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the *State Coastal Policy* as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.

- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy* to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments state-wide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25th February, 2009, and, expiring on the commencement of this Act', means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped state-wide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. [See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.]

This form of legislation is repugnant and contrary to all democratic processes.

Yours faithfully, Alex Halse Rogers. From: Louise Payne

State Planning Office Shared Mailbox To:

Cc:

Subject: Save our Coasts - Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

Date: Thursday, 25 July 2024 12:47:50 PM

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to release the legal reasons (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.

- 4. Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy* to Committee

for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.

- 8. The draft legislation (the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
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Yours sincerely, Louise Payne.

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the

Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Michelle Pegler

Thursday, 25 July 2024 3:05:58 PM

Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

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Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

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In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours	sincerely.
Yours	sincerely,
Michelle Pegler	

From: Catharine Errey

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 3:22 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Save Tasmania's special and unique coasts

Dear Elected Member

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.

- 4. Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy*. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means

that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.

9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

We Tasmanians love our coasts - not for 'development opportunities' but because they are unique and largely unspoiled. Do not underestimate how strongly I, and so many other Tasmanians, feel about the need to protect our coasts, not to exploit them for monetary gain. And don't forget how important our coasts are for Tasmania's Aboriginal people.

Yours sincerely

Catharine Errey

From: ALAN CARTER <>

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 4:27 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Save our Coasts - Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eightweek public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation</u> (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
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This is important to me as I want to see Tasmania's natural beauty and environment protected and for there to be robust rules in place to ensure this happens.

From: George Gowan

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 5:02 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I am against changing the Tasmania State Coastal Policy and I want the coast and natural places Tasmania has to be protected from commercial or private development.

Yours sincerely,

George Gowan

This email was sent by George Gowan via Do Gooder, a website that allows people to contact you regarding issues they consider important. In accordance with web protocol RFC 3834 we have set the FROM field of this email to our generic no-reply address at campaigns@good.do, however George provided an email address () which we included in the REPLY-TO field.

To learn more about Do Gooder visit

https://aus01.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.dogooder.co%2F&data=05%7C02%7Cstateplanning%40dpac.tas.gov.au%7C2d2dc636e9ae4f04baf708dcac77a265%7Cea732b1f3d1a4be9b48b6cee25b8a074%7C0%7C0%7C638574877041701134%7CUnknown%7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTil6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C0%7C%7C%7C&sdata=HzA2z2MoJ28Aj0hwAVShZ9lQvLaD6Z8wUnoZ3sf9hfc%3D&reserved=0

To learn more about web protocol RFC 3834 visit:

https://aus01.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Ftools.ietf.org%2Fhtml%2Frfc3834&data=05% 7 C02%7Cstateplanning%40dpac.tas.gov.au%7C2d2dc636e9ae4f04baf708dcac77a265% 7Cea732b1f3d1a4be9b48b6ce e25b8a074%7C0%7C0%7C638574877041710940%7CUnknown% 7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWljoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQljoi V2luMzliLCJBTil6lk1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C0%7C%7C%

7C&sdata=GnMgYHB1zgUYaM4jKyzsh0KZQSoZfbgl20Hk KcigYBA%3D&reserved=0

From: Cindy Aulby

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 5:12 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Please say NO to fast tracking changes that weaken State Coastal Policy

I strongly oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine reasons, with these issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft

legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy*. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
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Yours sincerely,

Cindy Aulby (she/her) www.

I am grateful to live and work in nipaluna, lutruwita, the ancient land belonging to the muwinina and palawa people, who nurtured this place for tens of thousands of years. I offer my respect to elders, past, present and emerging, and acknowledge that sovereignty was never ceded.

From: David Miller

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 5:20 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, David Miller From: Emily Hill <e>

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 5:28 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Proposed Coastal Policy amendments

To Whom it may Concern,

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following ten issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a

responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.

- 4. Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an openended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act

receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.

- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.
- 10. This continued approach by the Government to deploy underhanded and manipulative methods of bulldozing through legislation purely for developer/private fiscal gains is one of the core issues troubling voters (of all persuasions) and only serve to undermine the electorates already jaded view of our political representatives. In the words of Darren Hinch 'Shame, shame, shame'.

Kind regards,

Emily Devine

From: George Gowan <>

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 5:38 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Concern for fast tracked changes to the State Coastal Policy

Dear Government representatives

Please take a stand against this corruption in parliament. Amending legislation has to have public scrutiny and if the reasons for the changes are to benefit the wealth of a few and NOT for what the public democratically wants then it is inherently corrupt. If this corruption continues it will affect all of us, our children, our environment, our wellbeing and health. It goes well beyond this policy but this is something we are dealing with right now.

I oppose the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian *State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated

eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.

- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft

Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.

9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

From: Mike Willson <

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 7:08 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Save our Coasts – NO fast tracking changes which weakens existing State Coastal Policy

Dear State Planning Department,

It seems unacceptable for the Government to try and retrospectively amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy 1996, which could interfere with the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case, contravening due legal process. Retrospectively changing this Coastal policy to accommodate a proponent's development and potentially interfering in a Community Group's ongoing court action is a terrible and shocking abuse of our democracy and surely an abuse of Parliamentary powers.

Our coastlines are magical and supremely special places, lacking the development we see in many mainland locations, protected from such development by our existing State Coastal Policy and ownership as Crown land. These are refuges for threatened shorebirds which rely on our coastlines, estuaries and mudflats as their 'winter feeding grounds' during our summer. I recently read Andrew Darby's captivating 'Flightlines' book and had not previously realised our tiny Red-necked Stint weighing just 25g, takes around 6 weeks to migrate in short flights between its Arctic breeding grounds to Tasmania, via a chain of coastal mudflat 'recharging stations' in Korea, China, Indonesia and northern Australia. They spend up to six months here, feeding up (after losing around 40% of their bodyweight on the journey) before being fuelled and fit for the return flight to breed again. Leg banding studies confirm Red-necked Stints can live for over 20 years. Each year, they fly more than 25,000km between the Arctic and Tasmania. Over their lifetimes, these birds fly farther than the distance between Earth and our Moon – an amazing feat for a bird comfortably fitting in the palm of your hand! Truly amazing ...against all the odds, ...until we let it down and develop its home with spinning blades that will kill these incredibly resilient creatures and the 37 other protected species also calling our coastline mudflats their home.

I am very concerned that the Minister for Renewable Energy is trying to weaken existing Coastal Policy legislation by allowing "sensible infrastructure", which would seem to indicate the Government wants to ensure the 500m wharf

required to construct the Robbins Island wind farm (which has not been given Federal Government approval) is not threatened by the ongoing Supreme Court case. This undermining of our judicial system is undemocratic, unAustralian and unacceptable.

I therefore strongly oppose the Government's proposed changes to the existing *State Coastal Policy* for the above and following reasons. I call on a halt to any proposed changes immediately:

- 1. The State Government should immediately stop its attempts to amend the Tasmanian *State Coastal Policy 1996*, thereby ensuring it does not unjustly impact the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings and public comment) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions, to ensure transparency and allow community consultation on their proposal.
- 4. Robbins Island wind farm has yet to gain approval from the Australian Government as it represents a crucial biodiversity 'hot-spot'. So there is no immediate need or justification to rush through any proposed changes to this *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has not yet demonstrated any pressing need for such wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government to justify the need for such draft legislation which could significantly change the existing 1996 State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus I remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's motivation for any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate 'piece-meal' Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is unclear and yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament and the public deserve to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Coastal Policy which has served Tasmanian residents well over the last 18 years, so they can properly assess whether the draft changes deserve approval, or not.
- 7. I strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy* to an all party Committee for further investigation and review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions, it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny and the 8 week public consultation period be retained.
- 8. The draft legislation (*Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024*) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009, which seems entirely unjustified. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' which means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse, which is misleading.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is totally incorrect, as Councils have provided extensive coastal erosion and inundation mapping statewide, which is publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation

and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information

System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. Such important policy controls cannot be usurped at the State Government's whim to support developers with vested interests, against the public interest which has been well served by the 1996 State Coastal Policy and without adequately justified changes.

This is a very important matter which must have full scrutiny from the whole parliament (not just 'waved through' by the Liberal Government), hence this e-mail is copied to all Tasmanian parliamentarians (including our splendid upper house), all of whom I urge to take a strong interest in this matter and act to protect our pristine coastlines, by rejecting these inadequately justified proposed changes to the existing State Coastal Policy 1996.

Thank you in anticipation...

Mike Willson,

From: Toni Sterai

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 7:20 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Save our Coasts – Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.

Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.

If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to release the legal reasons (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.

Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.

The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.

Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy – both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.

We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.

The draft legislation (the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.

The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastucture that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

Feel free to also write why this is important to you....

Yours sincerely, Toni Sterai From: Anastasia Konstantinidis
Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 12:59 AM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, Anastasia Konstantinidis **From:** Des Vernon

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 1:33 AM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, Des Vernon **From:** Anita Speed

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 6:41 AM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

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In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, Anita Speed From: alison phillips <

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 7:30 AM

To:

Subject: Save our Coasts – Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian *State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

Alison Phillips

From: Alice Carson >

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 7:59 AM

To:

Subject: No thank you! Changes to the state's Coastal policy

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I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian *State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policyto Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government

Thank you for your consideration, Alice Carson

From: lan Johnston

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 9:08 AM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I have great concern that the proposed changes to the Coastal policy will remove protections for our beautiful coastlines It would be a regressive step to allow ribbon development, destroy bird habitat and allow massive infrastructure along our shoreline this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, Ian Johnston

This email was sent by Ian Johnston via Do Gooder, a website that allows people to contact you regarding issues they consider important. In accordance with web protocol RFC 3834 we have set the FROM field of this email to our generic no-reply address at campaigns@good.do, however Ian provided an email address which we included in the REPLY-TO field.

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7Cea732b1f3d1a4be9b48b6ce e25b8a074%7C0%7C0%7C638575456882359629%7CUnknown%

7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoi V2luMzIiLCJBTil6lk1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C0%7C%7C%7C%sdata=dGFOdHMzu2N7vYsiy1FGVvahUZHXdtQkpDp oxMR68AU%3D&reserved=0

From: Glen Hosemans

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 9:18 AM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely,

From: Tom Davidson

Sent: Thursday, 25 July 2024 9:29 PM **To:** State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

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Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, Tom Davidson From: Anne Lucadou-Wells

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 10:52 AM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Subject: Coastal planning

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I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government. Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy* to Committee for further review. This would at least

allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.

- 8. The draft legislation (the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use

information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government

Yours sincerely,
Anne Lucadou-Wells

From: Stephanie Morgan <c>

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 11:26 AM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy present a great threat to Tasmania's way of life.

To me, Tasmania's way of life revolves around enjoying our serene and natural environment across the state. As Tasmanians, we enjoy the wild coastlines by fishing, walking, swimming, diving, boating, and simply enjoying the wild beauty they offer. To open the door to private development along our coast completely undermines the values of Tasmanian people.

Not only this but the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely.

Yours sincerely, Stephanie Morgan **From:** Louise Costanzo

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 12:25 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Dean Winter; Janie Finlay; Shane Broad; Rockliff, Jeremy; Ellis, Felix; Nick Duigan

Subject: Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 Submission

I write this submission with the greatest respect for Tasmania's incredible natural coastline and call for the State Government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

These proposed amendments to the current State Coastal Policy are a significant threat to the Economic Future of Tasmania, it's mix of residents and a way of life that supports a contented and engaged community.

Every State in Australia, particularly Queensland and New South Wales has exploited it's naturally beautiful coastlines, to build marinas, hotel developments and associated infrastructure. The result has been destruction of the local ecosystem, increased pollution and areas once accessible to all now fenced and gated off for those who can afford the boats moored and the waterfront properties. It has created less employment than would have been created had these places remained undeveloped attracting large numbers of visitors-domestic and international as they always have during Australia's history and more so now that the World's natural places are disappearing.

The East Coast of Tasmania for instance was once affordable for the elderly, the newly retired, families and single adults. Rates were low and neighbours contributed to Tasmania by cleaning rubbish off beaches, tending to injured wildlife and assisting one another with practical tasks. In the last ten years some Councils have allowed unfettered applications for development allowing large accommodation providers to build on the coast immediately excluding those who once fished off the rocks, swam in protected areas and walked along the coast. The developments have put up fences, installed cameras and allowed only high paying guests onto these properties. The destruction to flora and fauna has been considerable. The rates have escalated representing the wealthy businesses and owners and left residents struggling to meet annual rates. The rates increasing not according to services provided, but the overvalued price of property being purchased mostly by those who want to make profits in

property rather than appreciate their natural and social environment. The result being that lower and middle income earners many who have lived or owned in the area for most of their lives are leaving due to lack of affordability. The same groups of people are not coming to the area because it is not affordable and the atmosphere is not welcoming. Those who work in education, health, lower paid trades (required in all communities to be functional) aren't attracted either due to high rents, lack of affordable housing and an environment that welcomes wealth and a 'pay for everything mentality.'

There is less crime and social disaffection in places which are inclusive and affordable and many a person has spoken of taking a walk, going fishing or a swim when they have wanted to avoid what could become emotionally catastrophic.

Tasmania is appealing because of its natural beauty not because it resembles the coastlines of New South Wales and Queensland. Tasmania will drive away tourism and a bright economic future if it endorses the development which has negatively altered the other States. Coastal areas which endorsed development carry the same rates of unemployment as the rest of the country. Taxpayers in those States are now propping up problems with erosion, drainage and pollution.

Tasmania's unemployment is high as it has always relied on exploiting natural resources for income all of which are finite. Smart and long term Governments encourage small businesses, technological and pharmaceutical industries and the multitude of environmentally sustainable manufacturing industries which are waiting to be created and supported. It is not in the interest of Government for ALL the people to destroy the environment upon which those people rely.

In addition the draft legislation will weaken the ongoing Supreme Court case that is challenging the approval of the unwanted Robbins Island wind farm. The entire argument for why this legislation is needed rests on unreleased advice which the government claim raises legal problems with the Coastal Policy regarding developments on actively mobile landforms.

The proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy would open the door to private and commercial developments, as well as infrastructure such as marinas and wharves, to be built on already vulnerable and moving dune systems that are threatened by erosion, rising sea levels and increasingly severe weather storms. The government is acting without regard to the dangers our state faces from climate change or the fact that these shorelines offer crucial habitat for many endangered shorebirds. Not only that, but Tasmanians may face losing access to the coasts that they love and enjoy using. The very coasts that underpin our lifestyle and Tasmanian way of life.

Any proposed changes to the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy must follow the existing, legislated public consultation process, not be fast-tracked through parliament with a bill and only 14 days of consultation. The consultation period is woefully inadequate and does not reflect the time needed to genuinely inform and consult with the wider community and stakeholders on such a significant change. The standard State Policy Amendment Process is a minimum of 8 weeks public consultation, after a report is prepared by the Tasmanian Planning Commission, followed by hearings. This standard process must be adhered to.

In his media release dated 6th June 2024, Minister Duigan stated "This Government will always support Tasmania's way of life and provide confidence in our planning laws for coastal infrastructure." The proposed changes in the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Act 2024 will in fact do the exact opposite.

In my submission I urge the Tasmanian government to scrap the retrospective legislation to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, commit to not interfering with the Robbins Island Supreme Court case and to release its legal reasons regarding the status of existing coastal structures.

Yours sincerely, Louise Costanzo

This email was sent by Louise Costanzo via Do Gooder, a website that allows people to contact you regarding issues they consider important. In accordance with web protocol RFC 3834 we have set the FROM field of this email to our generic no-reply address at campaigns@good.do, however Louise provided an email address which we included in the REPLY-TO field.

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From: Carlos Whiley <

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 12:32 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Coastal Planning

I strongly oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine reasons, with these issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the *Tasmanian State Coastal Policy*, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft

legislation to change the *State Coastal Policy*. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill here states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.
- 10.
- 11. With best regards,
- 12. Carlos Whiley

From: Sandra Downing >

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 1:02 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Save our Coasts – Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

I oppose the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian *State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eightweek public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the *State Coastal Policy* as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the *State Coastal Policy* both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

From: Craig Smith

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 12:55 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc:

Subject: Save our Coasts – Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

I oppose the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian *State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eightweek public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.

- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the *State Coastal Policy* as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the *State Coastal Policy* both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

From: Bronwyn Stubbs

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 1:49 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: c

Subject: Save our Coasts – Please vote NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

The Tasmanian coast is precious. The unspoilt coast is what sets Tasmania apart from much of the mainland. Visitors come to Tasmania because of the unspoilt nature of our coastline. It is what drew myself and my partner to Tasmania. Please do not vote for anything that may weaken contols over this precious area. If you support more people choosing Tasmania as a short term or long term destination you need to vote NO to changes to this policy. I oppose the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* for the additional nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian State Coastal Policy, ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.

- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.
- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broadbrush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u> states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
- 9. The State Government's claim that no mapping of mobile landforms have been conducted is incorrect, with coastal erosion and inundation mapped statewide and publicly available. Mobile landforms have been mapped for example since 2016 via the Coastal Inundation and Coastal Erosion Hazards Bands outlined on the www.thelist.tas.gov.au. The LIST (Land Information System Tasmania) is a whole-of-government online infrastructure that helps the public find and use information about land and property in Tasmania. See page 17 of the Background Report for further details on the mapping issue and contradictory statement by the State Government.

Regards,

From: Anne Lockett <

Sent: Friday, 26 July 2024 1:55 PM

To: State Planning Office Shared Mailbox

Cc: Anne Lockett

Subject: Save our Coasts – Say NO to fast tracking changes to weaken State Coastal Policy

Dear Parliamentarians

I oppose the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* for the following nine issues and concerns:

- 1. The State Government immediately stops its attempt to amend the Tasmanian *State Coastal Policy*, **ensuring there is no impact to the ongoing Robbins Island Supreme Court case**.
- 2. Rather than fast tracking the proposed changes through the Tasmanian Parliament, any proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy* must follow the existing robust legislated eight-week public consultation process (with opportunity for public hearings) conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission.
- 3. If, as the State Government asserts, the legality of existing structures such as jetties and wharves is in doubt, they have a responsibility to the Tasmanian community to **release the legal reasons** (if not the legal advice) supporting these assertions to ensure transparency in the proposal.
- 4. **Note the Robbins Island wind farm is yet to gain approval from the Australian Government.** Thus, there is no immediate need to rush through the proposed changes to the *State Coastal Policy*.
- 5. The Tasmanian Government has yet to demonstrate the need for this wide-ranging legislation. Evidence must be provided by the Government for the need for the draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy. The Minister for Renewable Energy and Minister for Parks and Environment Nick Duigan was asked in the Tasmanian Parliament to provide a list of structures that had legal uncertainties (structures such as jetties and wharves). No such evidence has been provided and thus we remain skeptical of the Tasmanian Government's justification for the proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy.
- 6. Any proposed changes to the State Coastal Policy must be dealt with by the Tasmanian Parliament in one package at the same time, and not by two separate Bills being tabled at

different times. The Government's approach prevents an integrated review of the State Coastal Policy as the second bill is yet to be released. The State Government is proposing to make two lots of changes to the State Coastal Policy – both changes dealt with by separate Bills. The Bill currently out for public comment aims to validate previously approved developments while the yet to be released Bill is expected to create a new assessment and approval processes. The Parliament deserves to see a complete picture of the changes to this important State Policy so it can properly assess whether to approve the draft changes or not.

- 7. We strongly encourage our State Parliamentarians to vote to send any draft legislation to change the State Coastal Policy to Committee for further review. This would at least allow further (but limited) community consultation/engagement. This is especially important as the State Government is choosing not to follow the existing, legislated eight week public consultation process conducted by the Tasmanian Planning Commission. With such an open-ended broad ranging Bill and so many unanswered questions it is critical that it go to committee for proper scrutiny.
- 8. The draft legislation (the <u>Validation (State Coastal Policy) Bill 2024</u>) will potentially provide for a retrospective, blanket approval for all coastal developments statewide since 2009. Such a broad-brush approval undermines previous assessments and permits issued, potentially leading to unintended legal consequences. The Draft Bill provides a retrospective blanket approval for all developments in the coastal zone from 2009 to whenever the Act receives Royal Assent. Section 3 Interpretation of the draft Bill <u>here</u>states that 'validation period means the period commencing on 25 February 2009 and expiring on the commencement of this Act' means that anything built during this time, with or without a permit, is suddenly approved taking away any legal recourse.
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Tasmanian Coastlines matter to me & my family. We moved back to the NW Coast of Tasmania after a working life-time in Melbourne. Currently, I am appalled at the fact that future salmon farms are planned for the NW Coast. Locally I am appalled at Latrobe council's plan to ruin the Hawley foreshore (which is very narrow & home to 2 threatened species -Green & Gold Frog & Eastern-barred Bandicoot) just so that bike riders can have a view of the beach. I am convinced that building a concrete pathway right on the edge of the foreshore will cause erosion & flooding of pathway, road & houses. Latrobe Council are yet to provide an Environmental Plan to Parks & Wildlife.



Green & Gold Frog at Hawley

Yours sincerely, Anne Lockett