

Tasmanian Gambling Prevalence Study 2005

Low Risk and Moderate Risk Gamblers

There are approximately 8,500 persons, or 2.3% of the Tasmanian adult population, who may be at risk of experiencing gambling related problems.

- Nearly 1.3% of Tasmanian adults, or some 4,700 people, are identified as being in the low risk group.
- Some 1% of Tasmanian adults, or nearly 3,800 people, may be at a moderate risk of experiencing problems.

Demographics

Low Risk Gambling Group

Demographic groups which are statistically over-represented in this category include:

- Males; and
- Persons aged between 18 – 24.

Females are statistically under-represented among the low risk group.

Moderate Risk Gambling Group

Demographic groups which are statistically over-represented in this category include:

- Males; and
- Persons in full-time employment.

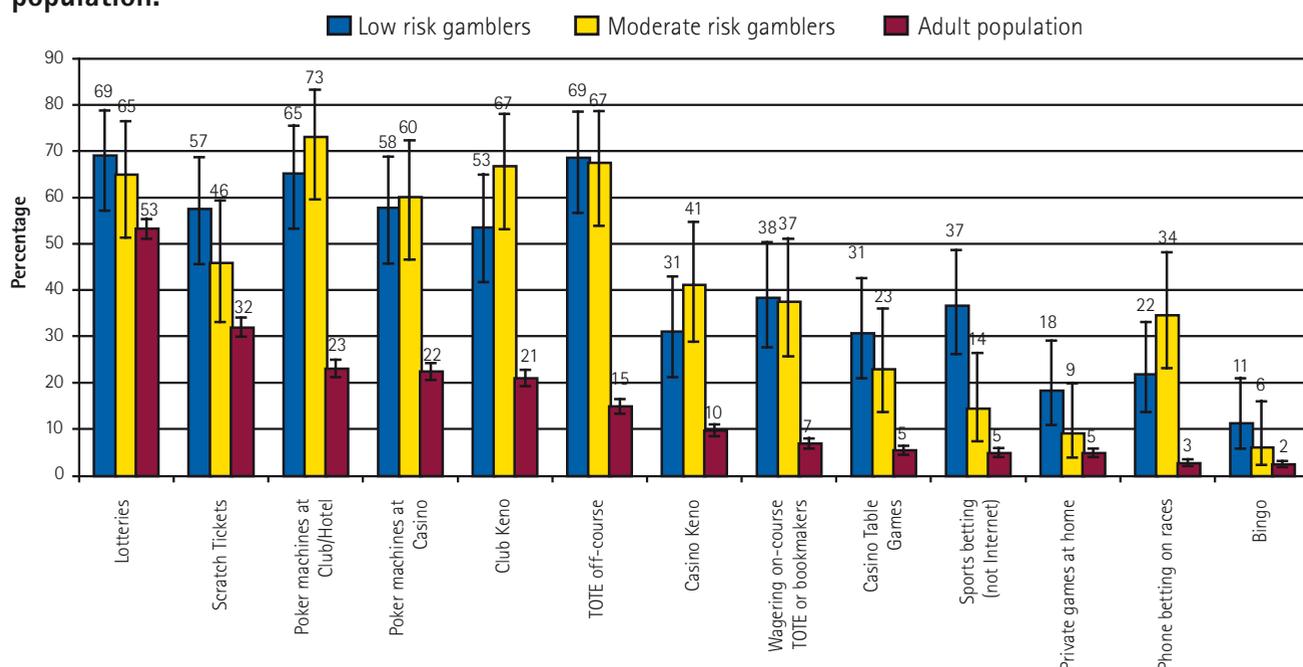
Females are statistically under-represented among the moderate risk group.

Gambling Activities

The graph below shows the percentage of gamblers in both the low risk and the moderate risk groups who participated in various gambling activities and compares these figures to the total population.

- Both low risk and moderate risk gamblers have higher rates of participation than the total population for all types of gambling surveyed.
- Both groups are significantly more likely to be involved in gambling on poker machines (any type of venue), casino table games, Keno (any type of venue), betting on races or sports betting.

Gambling activity participation rates for 'at risk' gamblers compared to the total adult Tasmanian population.



Various forms of Internet gambling (such as casino games, sports betting and betting on races) and miscellaneous 'other' activities are not included due to small sample sizes. Data for problem gamblers should be treated with caution due to the small sample size. Raffles are not included. Participation rates relate to the 12-month period prior to the survey. Upper and lower confidence limits for each figure at the 95% confidence level are indicated by the error bars (I) attached to each segment of the graph.

NOTE: All data reported in this Fact Sheet should be interpreted in conjunction with more detailed data and discussion in the Tasmanian Gambling Prevalence Study 2005 Report.