## Routine Disclosure – Notifications of State servant suspensions from duty as a result of allegations of child sexual abuse – Since October 2020

As at 12 January 2024

Number	Located in the North	Located in the South	Historical	Contemporary	Notifications to appropriate legal authority	Notifications to regulatory body (if applicable)	ED5 process commenced	Breach of C Conduct in to child sexu and sanctior determined
80	47	33	38	42	79 <sup>1</sup>	79 <sup>2</sup>	77 <sup>3</sup>	7

Explanatory Notes to Data

	Tasmania Police charged one employee and notified the Agency
2	No applicable regulatory body for one case
3	Two investigations under Employment Direction 5 are yet to commence pending the outcome of Tasmania Police assessment/court proceedings; in one case there will be no investigation assessment found no evidence of wrongdoing and the employee has returned to work
4	Two employees, found not to have breached the Code of Conduct in relation to child sexual abuse, resigned

## Notes to Table

The Tasmanian Government uses the same broad definition of child sexual abuse as the Royal Commission into Institutional Responses to Child Sexual Abuse, which is victim-centered but takes into a can be found on Page 19 of the <u>Commission's Final Report</u>.

Regulatory bodies include: Teachers Registration Board of Tasmania, Australian Health Practitioners Regulatory Authority (AHPRA), Legal Profession Board, Working with Vulnerable People Registrar.

Legal authorities: means any agency established to prevent, detect, investigate or prosecute criminal offences and other offences (including, the Australian Federal Police, Tasmania Police, Director of F Attorney-General, the Solicitor-General, the Ombudsman, the Anti-Discrimination Commissioner, the Australian Crime Commission, and the Integrity Commission.

Scope of action reported in this table: This table includes suspensions of State Servants under investigation for an alleged breach of the State Service Code of Conduct. This table does not include Tasm

Working with Vulnerable People (RWVP) processes: If a Government Agency becomes aware by any means, or suspects on reasonable grounds, that a registered person has engaged, or may have en notify the Registrar, as soon as practicable, of the name and other identifying particulars of the person and of the behaviour (Section 53A of the RWVPA).

'Reportable behaviour' is behaviour that poses a risk of harm to vulnerable persons, whether by reason of neglect, abuse or other conduct.

On receiving a notice under section 53A(1) or otherwise becoming aware of reportable behaviour, the Registrar is to enter the information relating to the reportable behaviour in the Register (Section The Registrar may also cancel registration if they have conducted an additional risk assessment and are satisfied that the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to vulnerable persons generally or to regulated activities allowed by the registration apply.

Definitions of historical and contemporary:

- Historical allegations of child sexual abuse are where the alleged misconduct occurred prior to the conclusion of the Royal Commission into Institutional Responses to Child Sexual Abuse in De
- Contemporary allegations of child sexual abuse are where the alleged misconduct occurred from the commencement of 2018 to present.

ED5 F	indings							
f Code of in relation exual abuse ion ed	No breach in relation to child sexual abuse	Returned to duty						
7	26	164						
investigation under <u>Employment Direction 5</u> , as the								
account legal definitions and frameworks. The definition								
Public Prosecutions), a Commission of Inquiry, the								
nania Police r	matters or civil legal find	ings.						
ngaged, in reportable behaviour, the reporting body is to								
n 53B of the RWVPA). to all the classes of vulnerable persons to which the								
December 2017.								