Tasmanians were aged 65+ years who identify as Aboriginal.

The proportion of the Tasmanian population aged 65+ was 21% in 2011, and in 2030 it is expected to be one in five aged 65+.

According to the ABS estimates, one in four older Tasmanians were homeless on census night.

In 2011, 21% of older people aged 55-74 years were experiencing housing stress.

There were fewer homeless and marginally housed older Tasmanians aged 65+ years than there were in any other age group.

In 2011, 18% of Tasmanians aged 65+ years lived in a rented private dwelling. This number increased to 21% of Tasmanians aged 65+ years in 2012-2013.

65% of Tasmanians aged 65+ years worked in 2011, of those aged 65-74 years the proportion was 78%, and in 2030 it is expected to be one in five aged 65+.

For Tasmanians aged 65+ years, participation in activities lived alone increased to 35% in 2011-2012.

In 2011, 21% of older people aged 55-74 years participated in activities lived alone, compared to 15% for other age groups.

The proportion of older Tasmanians had increased to 80% of the labour force participation rate in 2011, compared to 65% in 1995.

Bicycles were the most common mode of transport for Tasmanians aged 65+ years in 2011, and in 2030 it is expected to be the second most common mode of transport.

According to the ABS, 36% of older Tasmanians aged 65+ years received financial support from a family member outside the household.

The proportion of older Tasmanians aged 65+ years received an aged pension increased from 80% in 2011 to 88% in 2030.

66% of older Tasmanians aged 65+ years had access to a motor vehicle in 2011, and in 2030 it is expected to be 82%.

Almost 28% of Tasmanians aged 65+ years reported regularly participating in a health and wellbeing activity.

The proportion of older Tasmanians aged 65+ years who were marginally housed increased to 7% in 2011, compared to 4% in 2006.

According to the ABS, 36% of older Tasmanians aged 65+ years received financial support from a family member outside the household.

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